# The Evolution Of Cloud Attacks

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# Agenda

- Cloud Attacks Where We Were
- Cloud Attacks Where We Are Now
- Real World Breaches
- Traditional Cloud Security
- Lessons Learned & The Defense Required



# Threat Actors Targeting Cloud and Containers On The Rise



### Increase in # of cloud breaches:

Targeting business critical applications in cloud & the increasing amount of data stored in public cloud

### Increase in cloud attack sophistication:

Novel techniques continue to be seen, across more threat actors, and in new combinations

### Increase in automation in cloud attacks:

Worm GPT, & bots, bots, bots including cryptominers, scrapers, phishing, credential harvesting & stuffing

# **The 6 Phases of a Targeted Attack**



Technical Reconnaissance Non-Technical Reconnaissance

Mis-Configuration Phishing, Credential Leakage and Exploitation

Credential Access On-Prem  $\langle --- \rangle$  Cloud

Built in Tools - Living off the Land Download and install tools

Establish C2 connections (DNS) Data gathering

Data destruction, Data Encryption Extortion

## **Cloud Attacks – Where We Were...**



## The Knock On The Door...



Fileless attacks running in memory steadily rising

> Wipers & Ransomware now have Linux variants

**Container specific attacks** (container escape, mounting filesystems)

#### Cryptojacking

OS & App level vulnerabilities found via automated tooling & exploited via automated tooling

\*Malware polymorphism is potentially improving with AI\*



# **DevOps Pipeline Threats...**

#### **Targeted Supply Chain**

campaigns are being observed for the first time

Use of non-standard languages for threat actors to hide in opensource packages

**Code Repositories** are being targeted – for credential harvesting and supply-chain threat opportunities



#### **CI/CD Pipelines Abuse**

to deploy malware, exfiltrate data, and/or execute unauthorized commands within DevOps workflows

> Account Take Over enables popular libraries to be poisoned

#### **Certain Threat Actors**

are targeting developers to understand business logic and weaknesses of web apps

# **Cloud Misconfigurations...**

Threat actors often **combine misconfigurations** into a more complex attack chain

Often targeting and involving Cloud Identity (AWS IAM & Azure AD)

Additionally, threat actors are now being seen causing Cloud Misconfigurations

A new requirement to differentiate between mess and noise & what misconfigurations are compromise artifacts!



## **Cloud Attacks – Where We Are Now...**



## **Cloud Attacks – Where We Are Now...**

## **Modern Cloud Attacks**

are combining tactics and techniques across the cloud threat landscape





# Mapping Cloud Attacks to MITRE ATT&CK

**Cloud Infrastructure** 



## **Real World Cloud Breaches**





Vulnerable public facing web app (PHP) allows RCE

Enumerate IAM roles via instance metadata API

Cron job to download & run a Sliver implant upon reboot

Actor attempted to harvest cloud credentials via instance metadata

Curl used to download the same Sliver implant



## A Sliver Of Cloud: Targeting Cloud Credentials







CVE-2022-29464 leveraged to allow RCE

wget and curl used to access malicious tooling

Anti-forensic efforts seen: timestomping webshell files

AWS CLI installed to perform reconnaissance: network service discovery

Adversary began enumerating AWS credentials and hunted in sensitive files incl. /etc/shadow

Attempted lateral movement to internal hosts via SSH



Accessed AzureAD creds via smishing campaign

Listed cloud assets and activated AWS Systems Manager Inventory

> Added own MFA, created a public EC2 in a new Security Group

Created new access key for an IAM user & attached an admin access policy

> Disabled GuardDuty and attempted to delete existing CloudTrail

Used cloud orchestration tool to deploy BlackCat's AlphV ransomware

## **Cloud Attack Trends Observed**



Threat actors are infiltrating cloud and container environments, with relative **confidence in defense evasion** 

Observed methodology & TTPs notably includes: Leveraging, Modifying and Disabling Cloud Services & Abusing Cloud Identity

Ransomware attacks have pivoted to the cloud, with both Linux variants & cloud focused campaigns



## **Version One Corresponding Defenses**

## Endpoint Security In Cloud

Code Scanning Owned by DevOps

CSPM v1

# Tools, consoles, plug-ins...





By 2026, Gartner forecasts that 80% of companies will have consolidated cloud security tooling to three or fewer vendors down from an average of 10 in 2022



## Cloud Pain Due To Tooling

Right now it's a combination of tools: Disparate, Disconnected Lacking Context, Lacking Correlation

Toolsets are incredible noisy Often without any prioritization Mostly built on prevention alone Often lacking machine speed security

## Tools have split ownership across: Security, Incident Response, Cloud, Dev(Sec)Ops



**Poor Operational Efficiency** 

## & Broken RACI matrices



## **Lessons Learned & The Defense Required**

## **Cloud Security requires:**

Policies, capabilities and visibility through the cloud lifecycle

**Context and Correlation** 

Attacker's mindset required

**Response & Remediation capabilities** 

Which means: Agentless & Agent based controls combined





# **Thank You!**

